

**Defense Security Service**  
**Industrial Security Field Operations**  
**NISP Authorization Office**



**Technical Assessment Guide for Red  
Hat Enterprise Linux 6 OS**

**May 2016**

Revision  
Log

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## 1.0 Tools and Documentation

Assessment of the technical security controls and system configuration of contractor Information Systems (IS) utilizing the Defense Information System Agency (DISA) vulnerability scanning protocols in accordance with the NISP will require the following tools and documentation:

### 1.1 Tools

Install these tools on the system to be scanned, or on a dedicated system for centralized (network) scanning.

#### 1.1.1 SCAP Compliance Checker

- A. The ISSP/SCA will verify the following parameters:
  - 1) Verify that the SCAP Compliance Checker is properly installed on the system that will conduct the vulnerability scan.
  - 2) Ensure that the latest version of the SCAP Compliance Checker is used. *Consult DISA's IASE website to validate the version of the SCAP Compliance Checker.*
  - 3) Ensure that the individual conducting the scans has administrator credentials for the host machine, as well as any client machines scanned across the network (if applicable). *For the purposes of network scanning, either domain-level administrator credentials or a local administrator account on the remote system is acceptable.*
  - 4) Verify that the ISSM/ISSO has selected the most recent appropriate Operating System benchmark within the **Edit → Content and Options** menu (e.g. *U\_RedHat\_6\_VIR10\_STIG\_SCAP\_1-1\_Benchmark*).
    - The ISSP/SCA should verify on DISA's IASE website that the most recent benchmark is loaded.
    - If the most recent benchmark is not loaded into the SCAP Compliance Checker, instruct the ISSM/ISSO to manually download and import the most recent DISA benchmark.
    - Select only one benchmark (the most recent) for the scan operation.
  - 5) Verify that the ISSM/ISSO has set the SCAP Content Profile within the **Edit → Content and Options** menu for the selected benchmark to "**MAC-3 Classified**".
- B. The ISSP/SCA will then instruct the ISSM/ISSO to execute the vulnerability scan of the system.
- C. Upon completion of the scan, the ISSP/SCA will instruct the ISSM/ISSO to retrieve the XCCDF Scan Results XML file, for import into the STIG Viewer. Unless the user has changed the repository directory manually, the XCCDF Scan Results file can be located by navigating to **Results → Open Results Directory** in the SCAP tool menu.

#### 1.1.2 DISA STIG Viewer

- A. The ISSP/SCA will do the following:

- 1) Confirm that the DISA STIG Viewer (Version 2.3) is downloaded to a known directory.
  - 2) Confirm that the ISSM/ISSO has downloaded the most recent Operating System baseline from the DISA IASE website.
- B. Have the ISSM/ISSO import the recent baseline into the STIG Viewer, and create a checklist from the STIG baseline that includes all STIG vulnerabilities included within the baseline.

## 1.2 Documentation

Assessment of the technical system security controls and security configuration requires that the ISSP/SCA make risk-based decisions regarding compliance condition based on the approved/submitted plan. To facilitate the assessment the following documents will be reviewed by the ISSP/SCA:

- A. Master System Security Plan (MSSP) and/or System Security Plan (SSP)
- B. Authorization Letter (if performing a SVA)
- C. Information System Profile (IS Profile)
- D. Hardware and Software Baselines
- E. Authorized Users List and Signed User Briefings
- F. Trusted Download Procedures, Briefings and Logs
- G. Risk Acceptance Letters (if applicable)
- H. System Diagram and/or Network Topology (if applicable)
- I. DD Form 254
- J. DSS Form 147
- K. MOU/ISA's (if applicable)
- L. Manual Audit Log
- M. Removable Media Creation Log
- N. Maintenance Logs
- O. Sanitization Procedures (if applicable)
- P. Audit Variance/Hibernation Procedures (if applicable)

## 2.0 Assessment Procedures

In order to determine the compliance condition of the system, the ISSP/SCA along with the ISSM/ISSO will conduct the following steps:

- 1) Instruct the ISSM/ISSO to:
  - a. Navigate to the "Checklist" tab within the STIG Viewer window.
  - b. Navigate to the top menu of the STIG Viewer and click **Import → XCCDF Scan Results**.
  - c. Navigate to the directory containing the SCAP Compliance Checker XML file
  - d. Import the scan results.

- e. In the “Target Data” drop down, select the appropriate computing role (e.g. Workstation).
  - f. In the “Technology Area” drop down, select “UNIX OS”.
- 2) The ISSP/SCA will then conduct the assessment to determine satisfactory implementation of the baseline technical standards:
- a. The ISSP/SCA may use the “CAT I/CATII/CATIII” tabs under the “Totals” dropdown to sort the vulnerabilities if desired. **The CAT severity levels provide a means by which to prioritize addressing of vulnerabilities; however, the severity levels should not be used in the vulnerability citing language. Citing of any vulnerability will refer to the associated RMF control (e.g. AU-12).**
  - b. Sort the vulnerabilities by Vulnerability ID to allow for the efficient identification of the RMF control addressed by the selected Vulnerability ID (optional).
  - c. Reference the **Control/Vulnerability ID Assessment Matrix** in **Appendix A** to determine the RMF control that is applicable to the open vulnerability. This RMF control information is also contained within the “CCI” tab of each vulnerability for ease of access.
  - d. Consult the System Security Plan and any associated or supporting documentation to determine if the control is satisfactorily implemented, mitigated, tailored out, or non-compliant (open).
  - e. Record any open vulnerabilities, follow-up or mitigation actions, and POAM’s (if applicable).

## Appendix A – Control/Vulnerability ID Assessment Matrix/Checklist

The below matrix can be used to reconcile RMF controls with SCAP/STIG Vulnerability ID's.

Legend:

- **Control ID:** NIST 800-53 Rev 4 RMF Control Identifier
- **Vuln. ID:** STIG Vulnerability Identifier
- **O:** OPEN Vulnerability (Non-Compliant)
- **M:** Open Vulnerability, Mitigated (Compliant)
- **C:** CLOSED Vulnerability (Compliant)
- **N/A:** Tailored Out in Plan, or Not Applicable to System Type (Compliant)
- **Description:** Short description of system setting and/or control requirements.

Control ID	Vuln ID	O	M	C	N/A	Description	Notes
AC-10	V-38684					The system must limit users to 10 simultaneous system logins or a site-defined number in accordance with operational requirements.	
AC-11 (1)	V-38639					The system must display a publicly-viewable pattern during a graphical desktop environment session lock.	
AC-11 a	V-38474					The system must allow locking of graphical desktop sessions.	
	V-38590					The system must allow locking of the console screen in text mode.	
	V-38629					The graphical desktop environment must set the idle timeout to no more than 15 minutes.	
	V-38630					The graphical desktop environment must automatically lock after 15 minutes of inactivity and the system must require user reauthentication to unlock the environment.	
	V-38638					The graphical desktop environment must have automatic lock enabled.	
AC-17	V-38444					The systems local IPv6 firewall must implement a deny-all allow-by-exception policy for inbound packets.	
	V-38491					There must be no .rhosts or hosts.equiv files on the system.	
	V-38513					The systems local IPv4 firewall must implement a deny-all allow-by-exception policy for inbound packets.	
AC-17 (1)	V-38631					The operating system must employ automated mechanisms to facilitate the monitoring and control of remote access methods.	
AC-17 (2)	V-38594					The rshd service must not be running.	
	V-38598					The rexecd service must not be running.	
	V-38625					If the system is using LDAP for authentication or account information the system must use a TLS connection using FIPS 140-2 approved cryptographic algorithms.	



AC-17 (8)	V-38602					The rlogind service must not be running.	
	V-38609					The TFTP service must not be running.	
	V-38673					The operating system must ensure unauthorized security-relevant configuration changes detected are tracked.	
	V-38674					X Windows must not be enabled unless required.	
AC-19	V-38490					The operating system must enforce requirements for the connection of mobile devices to operating systems.	
	V-38655					The noexec option must be added to removable media partitions.	
	V-38682					The Bluetooth kernel module must be disabled.	
AC-19 c	V-38691					The Bluetooth service must be disabled.	
AC-2 (1)	V-38439					The system must provide automated support for account management functions.	
	V-38685					Temporary accounts must be provisioned with an expiration date.	
	V-38690					Emergency accounts must be provisioned with an expiration date.	
AC-2 (3)	V-38692					Accounts must be locked upon 35 days of inactivity.	
AC-2 (4)	V-38531					The operating system must automatically audit account creation.	
	V-38534					The operating system must automatically audit account modification.	
	V-38536					The operating system must automatically audit account disabling actions.	
	V-38538					The operating system must automatically audit account termination.	
AC-3	V-38585					The system boot loader must require authentication.	
	V-38586					The system must require authentication upon booting into single-user and maintenance modes.	

	V-38588					The system must not permit interactive boot.	
AC-4	V-38616					The SSH daemon must not permit user environment settings.	
AC-6 (2)	V-38567					The audit system must be configured to audit all use of setuid and setgid programs.	
AC-7	V-38501					The system must disable accounts after excessive login failures within a 15-minute interval.	
	V-38592					The system must require administrator action to unlock an account locked by excessive failed login attempts.	
AC-7 a	V-38573					The system must disable accounts after three consecutive unsuccessful logon attempts.	
AC-8 a	V-38599					The FTPS/FTP service on the system must be configured with the Department of Defense (DoD) login banner.	
	V-38615					The SSH daemon must be configured with the Department of Defense (DoD) login banner.	
AC-8 b	V-38688					A login banner must be displayed immediately prior to or as part of graphical desktop environment login prompts.	
AC-8 c	V-38593					The Department of Defense (DoD) login banner must be displayed immediately prior to or as part of console login prompts.	
	V-38689					The Department of Defense (DoD) login banner must be displayed immediately prior to or as part of graphical desktop environment login prompts.	
AC-9	V-38484					The operating system upon successful logon must display to the user the date and time of the last logon or access via ssh.	
AU-12 a	V-38438					Auditing must be enabled at boot by setting a kernel parameter.	

	V-38521					The operating system must support the requirement to centrally manage the content of audit records generated by organization defined information system components.	
	V-38522					The audit system must be configured to audit all attempts to alter system time through <code>settimeofday</code> .	
	V-38525					The audit system must be configured to audit all attempts to alter system time through <code>stime</code> .	
	V-38527					The audit system must be configured to audit all attempts to alter system time through <code>clock_settime</code> .	
	V-38530					The audit system must be configured to audit all attempts to alter system time through <code>/etc/localtime</code> .	
	V-38635					The audit system must be configured to audit all attempts to alter system time through <code>adjtimex</code> .	
AU-12 c	V-38543					The audit system must be configured to audit all discretionary access control permission modifications using <code>chmod</code> .	
	V-38545					The audit system must be configured to audit all discretionary access control permission modifications using <code>chown</code> .	
	V-38547					The audit system must be configured to audit all discretionary access control permission modifications using <code>fchmod</code> .	
	V-38550					The audit system must be configured to audit all discretionary access control permission modifications using <code>fchmodat</code> .	
	V-38552					The audit system must be configured to audit all discretionary access control permission modifications using <code>fchown</code> .	

V-38554					The audit system must be configured to audit all discretionary access control permission modifications using fchownat.	
V-38556					The audit system must be configured to audit all discretionary access control permission modifications using fremovexattr.	
V-38557					The audit system must be configured to audit all discretionary access control permission modifications using fsetxattr.	
V-38558					The audit system must be configured to audit all discretionary access control permission modifications using lchown.	
V-38559					The audit system must be configured to audit all discretionary access control permission modifications using lremovexattr.	
V-38561					The audit system must be configured to audit all discretionary access control permission modifications using lsetxattr.	
V-38563					The audit system must be configured to audit all discretionary access control permission modifications using removexattr.	
V-38565					The audit system must be configured to audit all discretionary access control permission modifications using setxattr.	
V-38566					The audit system must be configured to audit failed attempts to access files and programs.	
V-38568					The audit system must be configured to audit successful file system mounts.	
V-38575					The audit system must be configured to audit user deletions of files and programs.	
V-38578					The audit system must be configured to audit changes to the /etc/sudoers file.	

	V-38580					The audit system must be configured to audit the loading and unloading of dynamic kernel modules.	
AU-3	V-38628					The operating system must produce audit records containing sufficient information to establish the identity of any user/subject associated with the event.	
	V-38632					The operating system must produce audit records containing sufficient information to establish what type of events occurred.	
	V-38702					The FTP daemon must be configured for logging or verbose mode.	
AU-3 (2).1 (ii)	V-38471					The system must forward audit records to the syslog service.	
AU-4	V-38467					The system must use a separate file system for the system audit data path.	
	V-38470					The audit system must alert designated staff members when the audit storage volume approaches capacity.	
AU-5 (1)	V-38678					The audit system must provide a warning when allocated audit record storage volume reaches a documented percentage of maximum audit record storage capacity.	
AU-5 a	V-38680					The audit system must identify staff members to receive notifications of audit log storage volume capacity issues.	
AU-5 b	V-38464					The audit system must take appropriate action when there are disk errors on the audit storage volume.	
	V-38468					The audit system must take appropriate action when the audit storage volume is full.	
AU-8 (1)	V-38620					The system clock must be synchronized continuously or at least daily.	
	V-38621					The system clock must be synchronized to an	

						authoritative DoD time source.	
AU-9	V-38445					Audit log files must be group-owned by root.	
	V-38493					Audit log directories must have mode 0755 or less permissive.	
	V-38495					Audit log files must be owned by root.	
	V-38498					Audit log files must have mode 0640 or less permissive.	
	V-38663					The system package management tool must verify permissions on all files and directories associated with the audit package.	
	V-38664					The system package management tool must verify ownership on all files and directories associated with the audit package.	
	V-38665					The system package management tool must verify group-ownership on all files and directories associated with the audit package.	
AU-9 (2)	V-38520					The operating system must back up audit records on an organization defined frequency onto a different system or media than the system being audited.	
AU-9 (3)	V-38637					The system package management tool must verify contents of all files associated with the audit package.	
CM-5	V-38462					The RPM package management tool must cryptographically verify the authenticity of all software packages during installation.	
	V-38476					Vendor-provided cryptographic certificates must be installed to verify the integrity of system software.	
CM-5 (6)	V-38465					Library files must have mode 0755 or less permissive.	
	V-38466					Library files must be owned by a system account.	
	V-38469					All system command files must have mode 755 or	

					less permissive.	
	V-38472				All system command files must be owned by root.	
CM-6 (2)	V-38695				A file integrity tool must be used at least weekly to check for unauthorized file changes particularly the addition of unauthorized system libraries or binaries or for unauthorized modification to authorized system libraries or binaries.	
CM-6 b	V-38437				Automated file system mounting tools must not be enabled unless needed.	
	V-38443				The /etc/gshadow file must be owned by root.	
	V-38446				The mail system must forward all mail for root to one or more system administrators.	
	V-38447				The system package management tool must verify contents of all files associated with packages.	
	V-38448				The /etc/gshadow file must be group-owned by root.	
	V-38449				The /etc/gshadow file must have mode 0000.	
	V-38450				The /etc/passwd file must be owned by root.	
	V-38451				The /etc/passwd file must be group-owned by root.	
	V-38452				The system package management tool must verify permissions on all files and directories associated with packages.	
	V-38453				The system package management tool must verify group-ownership on all files and directories associated with packages.	
	V-38454				The system package management tool must verify ownership on all files and directories associated with packages.	
	V-38455				The system must use a separate file system for /tmp.	
	V-38456				The system must use a separate file system for	

					/var.	
V-38457					The /etc/passwd file must have mode 0644 or less permissive.	
V-38458					The /etc/group file must be owned by root.	
V-38459					The /etc/group file must be group-owned by root.	
V-38461					The /etc/group file must have mode 0644 or less permissive.	
V-38463					The system must use a separate file system for /var/log.	
V-38473					The system must use a separate file system for user home directories.	
V-38480					Users must be warned 7 days in advance of password expiration.	
V-38496					Default operating system accounts other than root must be locked.	
V-38497					The system must not have accounts configured with blank or null passwords.	
V-38499					The /etc/passwd file must not contain password hashes.	
V-38500					The root account must be the only account having a UID of 0.	
V-38502					The /etc/shadow file must be owned by root.	
V-38503					The /etc/shadow file must be group-owned by root.	
V-38504					The /etc/shadow file must have mode 0000.	
V-38511					IP forwarding for IPv4 must not be enabled unless the system is a router.	
V-38523					The system must not accept IPv4 source-routed packets on any interface.	
V-38524					The system must not accept ICMPv4 redirect packets on any interface.	
V-38526					The system must not accept ICMPv4 secure redirect packets on any interface.	



V-38528					The system must log Martian packets.	
V-38529					The system must not accept IPv4 source-routed packets by default.	
V-38532					The system must not accept ICMPv4 secure redirect packets by default.	
V-38533					The system must ignore ICMPv4 redirect messages by default.	
V-38535					The system must not respond to ICMPv4 sent to a broadcast address.	
V-38537					The system must ignore ICMPv4 bogus error responses.	
V-38540					The audit system must be configured to audit modifications to the systems network configuration.	
V-38541					The audit system must be configured to audit modifications to the systems Mandatory Access Control (MAC) configuration (SELinux).	
V-38542					The system must use a reverse-path filter for IPv4 network traffic when possible on all interfaces.	
V-38544					The system must use a reverse-path filter for IPv4 network traffic when possible by default.	
V-38546					The IPv6 protocol handler must not be bound to the network stack unless needed.	
V-38548					The system must ignore ICMPv6 redirects by default.	
V-38579					The system boot loader configuration file(s) must be owned by root.	
V-38581					The system boot loader configuration file(s) must be group-owned by root.	
V-38583					The system boot loader configuration file(s) must have mode 0600 or less permissive.	
V-38596					The system must implement virtual address space randomization.	

V-38597					The system must limit the ability of processes to have simultaneous write and execute access to memory.	
V-38600					The system must not send ICMPv4 redirects by default.	
V-38601					The system must not send ICMPv4 redirects from any interface.	
V-38605					The cron service must be running.	
V-38618					The avahi service must be disabled.	
V-38624					System logs must be rotated daily.	
V-38627					The openldap-servers package must not be installed unless required.	
V-38633					The system must set a maximum audit log file size.	
V-38634					The system must rotate audit log files that reach the maximum file size.	
V-38636					The system must retain enough rotated audit logs to cover the required log retention period.	
V-38642					The system default umask for daemons must be 027 or 022.	
V-38643					There must be no world-writable files on the system.	
V-38645					The system default umask in /etc/login.defs must be 077.	
V-38647					The system default umask in /etc/profile must be 077.	
V-38649					The system default umask for the csh shell must be 077.	
V-38651					The system default umask for the bash shell must be 077.	
V-38652					Remote file systems must be mounted with the nodev option.	
V-38653					The snmpd service must not use a default	

					password.	
V-38654					Remote file systems must be mounted with the nosuid option.	
V-38656					The system must use SMB client signing for connecting to samba servers using smbclient.	
V-38657					The system must use SMB client signing for connecting to samba servers using mount.cifs.	
V-38660					The snmpd service must use only SNMP protocol version 3 or newer.	
V-38668					The x86 Ctrl-Alt-Delete key sequence must be disabled.	
V-38669					The postfix service must be enabled for mail delivery.	
V-38671					The sendmail package must be removed.	
V-38675					Process core dumps must be disabled unless needed.	
V-38676					The xorg-x11-server-common (X Windows) package must not be installed unless required.	
V-38679					The DHCP client must be disabled if not needed.	
V-38681					All GIDs referenced in /etc/passwd must be defined in /etc/group	
V-38693					The system must require passwords to contain no more than three consecutive repeating characters.	
V-38697					The sticky bit must be set on all public directories.	
V-38699					All public directories must be owned by a system account.	
V-38701					The TFTP daemon must operate in secure mode which provides access only to a single directory on the host file system.	
V-43150					The login user list must be disabled.	
V-51337					The system must use a Linux Security Module at boot time.	

	V-51363					The system must use a Linux Security Module configured to enforce limits on system services.	
	V-51369					The system must use a Linux Security Module configured to limit the privileges of system services.	
	V-51379					All device files must be monitored by the system Linux Security Module.	
	V-51391					A file integrity baseline must be created.	
	V-51875					The operating system upon successful logon/access must display to the user the number of unsuccessful logon/access attempts since the last successful logon/access.	
	V-54381					The audit system must switch the system to single-user mode when available audit storage volume becomes dangerously low.	
CM-7 a	V-38587					The telnet-server package must not be installed.	
	V-38591					The rsh-server package must not be installed.	
	V-38603					The ypserv package must not be installed.	
	V-38606					The tftp-server package must not be installed unless required.	
	V-57569					The noexec option must be added to the /tmp partition.	
CM-7 b	V-38478					The Red Hat Network Service (rhnsd) service must not be running unless using RHN or an RHN Satellite.	
	V-38514					The Datagram Congestion Control Protocol (DCCP) must be disabled unless required.	
	V-38515					The Stream Control Transmission Protocol (SCTP) must be disabled unless required.	
	V-38516					The Reliable Datagram Sockets (RDS) protocol must be disabled unless required.	
	V-38517					The Transparent Inter-Process Communication (TIPC) protocol must be disabled unless required.	

	V-38582					The xinetd service must be disabled if no network services utilizing it are enabled.	
	V-38584					The xinetd service must be uninstalled if no network services utilizing it are enabled.	
	V-38604					The ypbind service must not be running.	
	V-38622					Mail relaying must be restricted.	
	V-38640					The Automatic Bug Reporting Tool (abrt) service must not be running.	
	V-38641					The atd service must be disabled.	
	V-38644					The ntpdate service must not be running.	
	V-38646					The oddjobd service must not be running.	
	V-38648					The qpidd service must not be running.	
	V-38650					The rdisc service must not be running.	
	V-38672					The netconsole service must be disabled unless required.	
CM-8 (3) (a)	V-38696					The operating system must employ automated mechanisms per organization defined frequency to detect the addition of unauthorized components/devices into the operating system.	
CP-9 (a)	V-38488					The operating system must conduct backups of user-level information contained in the operating system per organization defined frequency to conduct backups consistent with recovery time and recovery point objectives.	
CP-9 (b)	V-38486					The operating system must conduct backups of system-level information contained in the information system per organization defined frequency to conduct backups that are consistent with recovery time and recovery point objectives.	
IA-11	V-58901					The sudo command must require authentication.	
IA-2	V-38460					The NFS server must not have the all_squash option enabled.	
	V-38492					The system must prevent the root account from	

					logging in from virtual consoles.	
	V-38677				The NFS server must not have the insecure file locking option enabled.	
IA-2 (1)	V-38595				The system must be configured to require the use of a CAC PIV compliant hardware token or Alternate Logon Token (ALT) for authentication.	
IA-2 (2)	V-38611				The SSH daemon must ignore .rhosts files.	
	V-38612				The SSH daemon must not allow host-based authentication.	
	V-38614				The SSH daemon must not allow authentication using an empty password.	
IA-2 (5)	V-38494				The system must prevent the root account from logging in from serial consoles.	
	V-38613				The system must not permit root logins using remote access programs such as ssh.	
IA-2 (8)	V-38607				The SSH daemon must be configured to use only the SSHv2 protocol.	
IA-2 (9)	V-38626				The LDAP client must use a TLS connection using trust certificates signed by the site CA.	
IA-4 e	V-38694				The operating system must manage information system identifiers for users and devices by disabling the user identifier after an organization defined time period of inactivity.	
IA-5 (1) (a)	V-38475				The system must require passwords to contain a minimum of 15 characters.	
	V-38482				The system must require passwords to contain at least one numeric character.	
	V-38569				The system must require passwords to contain at least one uppercase alphabetic character.	
	V-38570				The system must require passwords to contain at least one special character.	
	V-38571				The system must require passwords to contain at least one lowercase alphabetic character.	

IA-5 (1) (b)	V-38572					The system must require at least eight characters be changed between the old and new passwords during a password change.	
IA-5 (1) (d)	V-38477					Users must not be able to change passwords more than once every 24 hours.	
	V-38479					User passwords must be changed at least every 60 days.	
IA-5 (1) c	V-38619					There must be no .netrc files on the system.	
IA-5 (1) e	V-38658					The system must prohibit the reuse of passwords within five iterations.	
IA-7	V-38574					The system must use a FIPS 140-2 approved cryptographic hashing algorithm for generating account password hashes (system-auth).	
	V-38576					The system must use a FIPS 140-2 approved cryptographic hashing algorithm for generating account password hashes (login.defs).	
	V-38577					The system must use a FIPS 140-2 approved cryptographic hashing algorithm for generating account password hashes (libuser.conf).	
IA-8	V-38683					All accounts on the system must have unique user or account names	
MA-4	V-38589					The telnet daemon must not be running.	
MA-4 e	V-38610					The SSH daemon must set a timeout count on idle sessions.	
MP-4 (1)	V-38659					The operating system must employ cryptographic mechanisms to protect information in storage.	
RA-5	V-38489					A file integrity tool must be installed.	
RA-5 (7)	V-38698					The operating system must employ automated mechanisms to detect the presence of unauthorized software on organizational information systems and notify designated organizational officials in accordance with the organization defined frequency.	

SA-7	V-38483					The system package management tool must cryptographically verify the authenticity of system software packages during installation.	
SA-7	V-38487					The system package management tool must cryptographically verify the authenticity of all software packages during installation.	
SC-10	V-38608					The SSH daemon must set a timeout interval on idle sessions.	
SC-13	V-38617					The SSH daemon must be configured to use only FIPS 140-2 approved ciphers.	
SC-28	V-38661					The operating system must protect the confidentiality and integrity of data at rest.	
SC-28 (1)	V-38662					The operating system must employ cryptographic mechanisms to prevent unauthorized disclosure of data at rest unless otherwise protected by alternative physical measures.	
SC-5 (2)	V-38539					The system must be configured to use TCP syncookies when experiencing a TCP SYN flood.	
SC-7	V-38512					The operating system must prevent public IPv4 access into an organizations internal networks except as appropriately mediated by managed interfaces employing boundary protection devices.	
	V-38549					The system must employ a local IPv6 firewall.	
	V-38551					The operating system must connect to external networks or information systems only through managed IPv6 interfaces consisting of boundary protection devices arranged in accordance with an organizational security architecture.	
	V-38553					The operating system must prevent public IPv6 access into an organizations internal networks except as appropriately mediated by managed interfaces employing boundary protection	



						devices.	
	V-38555					The system must employ a local IPv4 firewall.	
SC-7 (5)	V-38686					The systems local firewall must implement a deny-all allow-by-exception policy for forwarded packets.	
SC-7 c	V-38560					The operating system must connect to external networks or information systems only through managed IPv4 interfaces consisting of boundary protection devices arranged in accordance with an organizational security architecture.	
SC-9	V-38687					The system must provide VPN connectivity for communications over untrusted networks.	
SI-11 b	V-38518					All rsyslog-generated log files must be owned by root.	
	V-38519					All rsyslog-generated log files must be group-owned by root.	
	V-38623					All rsyslog-generated log files must have mode 0600 or less permissive.	
SI-2 (2)	V-38481					System security patches and updates must be installed and up-to-date.	
SI-3	V-38666					The system must use and update a DoD-approved virus scan program.	
SI-4 (5)	V-38667					The system must have a host-based intrusion detection tool installed.	
	V-38700					The operating system must provide a near real-time alert when any of the organization defined list of compromise or potential compromise indicators occurs.	
SI-7	V-38670					The operating system must detect unauthorized changes to software and information.	

